#### PROBLEMS

(Answers to problems marked with \* appear at the end of the text.)

- 2.1 Demonstrate the validity of the following identities by means of truth tables:
  (a) DeMorgan's theorem for three variables: (x + y + z)' = x'y'z' and (xyz)' = x' + y' + z'
  - (b) The distributive law: x + yz = (x + y)(x + z)
  - (c) The distributive law: x(y+z) = xy + xz
  - (d) The associative law: x + (y + z) = (x + y) + z
  - (e) The associative law and x(yz) = (xy)z
- **2.2** Simplify the following Boolean expressions to a minimum number of literals:
  - (a)\* xy + xy'(b)\* (x + y)(x + y')(c)\* xyz + x'y + xyz'(d)\* (A + B)'(A' + B')'
  - (e) (a+b+c')(a'b'+c) (f) a'bc+abc'+abc+a'bc'
- **2.3** Simplify the following Boolean expressions to a minimum number of literals: (a)\* ABC + A'B + ABC' (b)\* x'yz + xz(c)\* (x + y)'(x' + y') (d)\* xy + x(wz + wz')
  - (c) (BC' + A'D)(AB' + CD') (c) (a' + c')(a + b' + c')
- **2.4** Reduce the following Boolean expressions to the indicated number of literals: (a)\* A'C' + ABC + AC' to three literals (b)\* (x'y' + z)' + z + xy + wz to three literals (c)\* A'B(D' + C'D) + B(A + A'CD) to one literal
- **2.5** Draw logic diagrams of the circuits that implement the original and simplified expressions in Problem 2.2.
- **2.6** Draw logic diagrams of the circuits that implement the original and simplified expressions in Problem 2.3.
- **2.7** Draw logic diagrams of the circuits that implement the original and simplified expressions in Problem 2.4.
- **2.8** Find the complement of F = wx + yz; then show that FF' = 0 and F + F' = 1.
- 2.9 Find the complement of the following expressions: (a)\* xy' + x'y(b) (a+c)(a+b')(a'+b+c')(c) z+z'(v'w+xy)
- **2.10** Given the Boolean functions  $F_1$  and  $F_2$ , show that
  - (a) The Boolean function E = F<sub>1</sub> + F<sub>2</sub> contains the sum of the minterms of F<sub>1</sub> and F<sub>2</sub>.
    (b) The Boolean function G = F<sub>1</sub>F<sub>2</sub> contains only the minterms that are common to F<sub>1</sub> and F<sub>2</sub>.
- 2.11 List the truth table of the function: (a)\* F = xy + xy' + y'z (b) F = bc + a'c'
- **2.12** We can perform logical operations on strings of bits by considering each pair of corresponding bits separately (called bitwise operation). Given two eight-bit strings A = 10110001 and B = 10101100, evaluate the eight-bit result after the following logical operations: (a)\* AND (b) OR (c)\* XOR (d)\* NOT A (e) NOT B

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- **2.13** Draw logic diagrams to implement the following Boolean expressions:
  - (a) y = [(u + x') (y' + z)](b)  $y = (u \oplus y)' + x$ (c) y = (u' + x') (y + z')(d)  $y = u(x \oplus z) + y'$
  - (e) y = u + yz + uxy

(f) 
$$y = u + x + x'(u + y')$$

**2.14** Implement the Boolean function

$$F = xy + x'y' + y'z$$

- (a) With AND, OR, and inverter gates
- (b)\* With OR and inverter gates
- (c) With AND and inverter gates
- (d) With NAND and inverter gates
- (e) With NOR and inverter gates
- **2.15**\* Simplify the following Boolean functions  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  to a minimum number of literals:

Α	В	С	<b>T</b> 1	T <sub>2</sub>	
0	0	0	1	0	
0	0	1	1	0	
0	1	0	1	0	
0	1	1	0	1	
1	0	0	0	1	
1	0	1	0	1	
1	1	0	0	1	
1	1	1	0	1	

- **2.16** The logical sum of all minterms of a Boolean function of *n* variables is 1.
  - (a) Prove the previous statement for n = 3.
  - (b) Suggest a procedure for a general proof.
- **2.17** Obtain the truth table of the following functions, and express each function in sum-of-minterms and product-of-maxterms form:

(a)\* 
$$(b+cd)(c+bd)$$
  
(c)  $(c'+d)(b+c')$ 

**2.18** For the Boolean function

$$= xy'z + x'y'z + w'xy + wx'y + wxy$$

- F = xy'z + x'y'(a) Obtain the truth table of *F*.
- (b) Draw the logic diagram, using the original Boolean expression.
- (c)\* Use Boolean algebra to simplify the function to a minimum number of literals.
- (d) Obtain the truth table of the function from the simplified expression and show that it is the same as the one in part (a).
- (e) Draw the logic diagram from the simplified expression, and compare the total number of gates with the diagram of part (b).

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**2.19**\* Express the following function as a sum of minterms and as a product of maxterms:

$$F(A, B, C, D) = B'D + A'D + BD$$

- **2.20** Express the complement of the following functions in sum-of-minterms form: (a)  $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum (2,4,7,10,12,14)$ 
  - (b)  $F(x, y, z) = \prod (3, 5, 7)$
- **2.21** Convert each of the following to the other canonical form: (a)  $F(x, y, z) = \sum (1, 3, 5)$ 
  - (b)  $F(A, B, C, D) = \prod (3, 5, 8, 11)$
- 2.22\* Convert each of the following expressions into sum of products and product of sums:
  (a) (u+xw)(x+u'v)
  (b) x' + x(x + y')(y + z')
- **2.23** Draw the logic diagram corresponding to the following Boolean expressions without simplifying them:
  - (a) BC' + AB + ACD
  - (b) (A + B)(C + D)(A' + B + D)
  - (c) (AB + A'B')(CD' + C'D)
  - (d) A + CD + (A + D')(C' + D)
- **2.24** Show that the dual of the exclusive-OR is equal to its complement.
- 2.25 By substituting the Boolean expression equivalent of the binary operations as defined in Table 2.8, show the following:
  - (a) The inhibition operation is neither commutative nor associative.
  - (b) The exclusive-OR operation is commutative and associative.

**Table P2.27** 

- **2.26** Show that a positive logic NAND gate is a negative logic NOR gate and vice versa.
- **2.27** Write the Boolean equations and draw the logic diagram of the circuit whose outputs are defined by the following truth table:

<i>f</i> <sub>1</sub>	f <sub>2</sub>	а	b	C
1	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	1

- **2.28** Write Boolean expressions and construct the truth tables describing the outputs of the
  - circuits described by the logic diagrams in Fig. P2.28.
- **2.29** Determine whether the following Boolean equation is true or false.

$$x'y' + x'z + x'z' = x'z' + y'z' + x'z$$

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#### FIGURE P2.28

**2.30** Write the following Boolean expressions in sum of products form:

$$(b+d)(a'+b'+c)$$

**2.31** Write the following Boolean expression in product of sums form:

$$a'b + a'c' + abc$$

## REFERENCES

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### **WEB SEARCH TOPICS**

Algebraic field Boolean logic Boolean gates Bipolar transistor Field-effect transistor Emitter-coupled logic TTL logic CMOS logic CMOS process