# CSCI 135 Software Design and Analysis, C++ <br> Lab 6 <br> Solution 

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## Lab A: Caesar cipher

Caesar cipher is a simple method of encryption. In a Caesar cipher each letter in a word is replaced by a letter some specified number of positions down the alphabet. e.x: "hello" shifted 1 letter right becomes "ifmmp"
"hello" shifted 2 letters right becomes "jgnnq"
(a) In main, create an array called alphabet which contains all 26 letters of the English alphabet.

Write a function called letter_index that takes an array of letters, the size of the array and a letter. The letter_index function should return the index of the letter in the array.
letter_index has the following signature:

```
int letter_index(char * alphabet, int
    alphabet_size, char letter)
```

(b) Write a function encrypt that takes an array of alphabet letters, an array of letters in a message, and the number of places to RIGHT shift the message. encrypt should shift the letters in the message and output the new message. e.x: "hello" shifted 2 letters with encrypt should output "jgnnq"
encrypt has the following signature:

```
void encrypt(char * alphabet, int alphabet_size,
    char * arr, int size, int shift)
```

(c) Write a function decrypt. decrypt is the same as encrypt except decrypt shifts LEFT.
e.x: "jgnnq" shifted 2 letters with decrypt should output "hello"
decrypt has the following signature:
void decrypt(char * alphabet, int alphabet_size, char * arr, int size, int shift)

## Lab B: Point

Point is a class which we define below. An object of class Point or an instance of class Point represents a point on an x-y plane. A Point object has a x-coordinate: $x_{-}$coord and a y-coordinate: y_coord

```
class Point {
    double x_coord;
    double y_coord;
    public:
    Constructors Point() { x_coord = 0; y_coord = 0; }
    Point(double x, double y) { ... } // (a)
    double x() {return x_coord;}
    double y() {return y_coord;}
    void translate(double x, double y) { ... } // (b)
};
```

(a) Complete the incomplete constructor.
(b) Complete the translate function.

To translate a point is to move it a specified amount along the x-axis and/or the $y$-axis.
e.x: The point $(3,5)$ translated $(-1,2)$ becomes $(3-1,5+2)=(2,7)$
(c) Write a function, that takes a line segment represented as two points, and returns a point which is the middle of the segment.
(d) Write a function, that takes two points, and returns the distance between the points.
Given two points $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ and $\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$, the distance between these points is given by the formula:

$$
d=\sqrt{\left(x_{2}-x_{1}\right)^{2}+\left(y_{2}-y_{1}\right)^{2}}
$$

